RULES OF PROCEDURE

27 - JULY | EDITORIAL DIRECTOR VIVAAN VASANIA

NODMUN

NEW ORDER DELEGATIONS MODEL UNITED NATIONS

SHAGUN AGGRAWAL &
NIYANTA KUMAR

નેધરલેન્ડ્સના હેગમાં આવેલ પીસ પેલેસ, યુએનની આંતરરાષ્ટ્રીય ન્યાય અદાલતનું ઘર છે અને મધ્યસ્થી દ્વારા વૈશ્વિક શાંતિને પ્રોત્સાહન આપે છે.

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NEW ORDERS DELEGATIONS

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New Order Delegations

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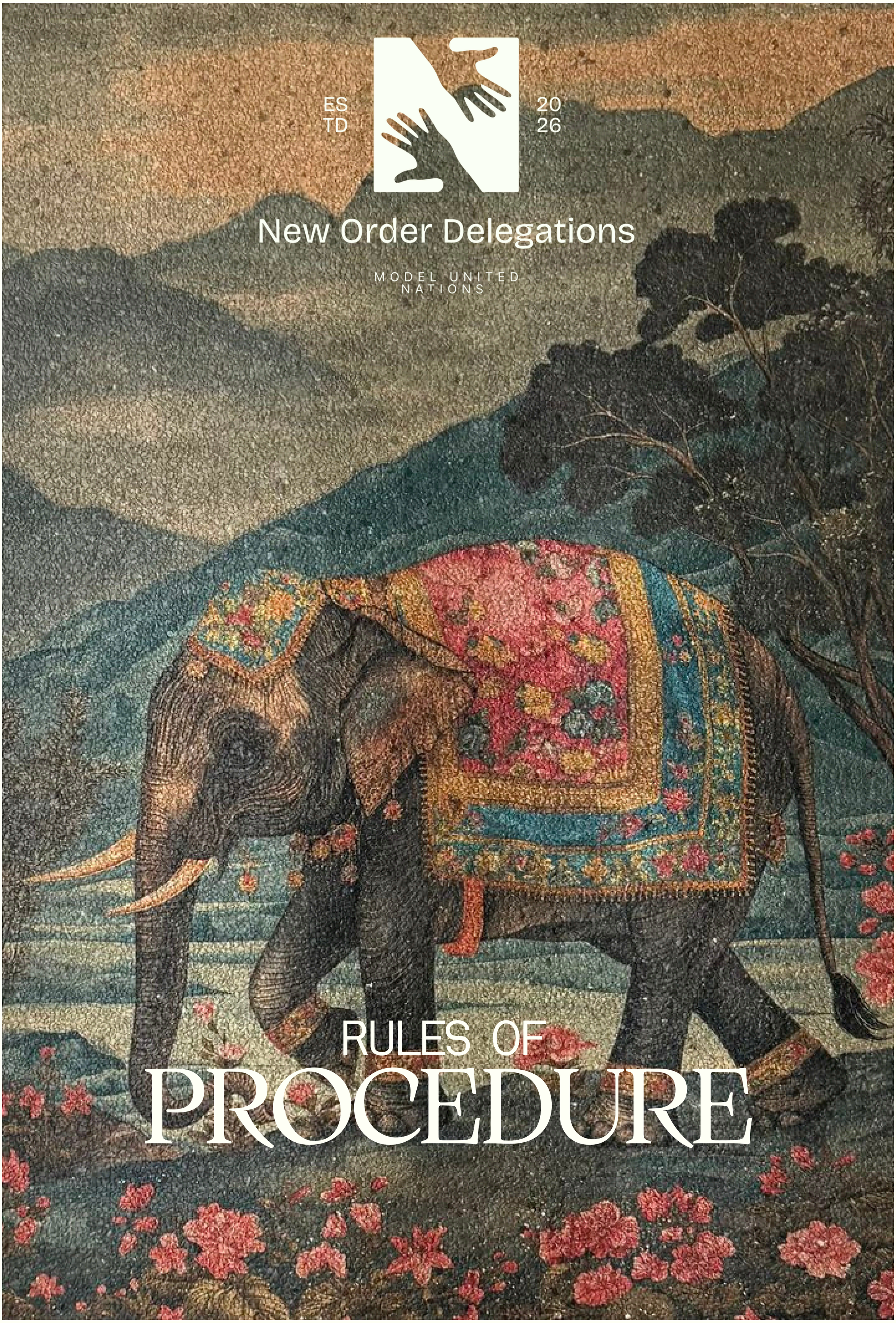

RULES OF PROCEDURE

Editorial and Publication Notice

This publication has been edited by the Editorial Director of the NODMUN E-Press, Vivaan Vasania and authored by Shagun Aggrawal and Niyanta Kumar.

The Advisory Board for this publication consisted of members of the NODMUN Team (July 2026) and was prepared under the guidance of the Advisory Director, Madhuri Mohite.

This document was drafted on 23 July 2026 and was adopted by the NODMUN Directorate on 29 July 2026 by a Special Majority.

These Rules of Procedure shall govern all committees organised under the New Order Delegations Model United Nations (NODMUN) and shall come into effect on 30 July 2026, remaining in force until amended, superseded, or repealed by the NODMUN DIRECTORATE in accordance with the prescribed procedure.

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NEW ORDERS DELEGATIONS

GENERAL RULES

Rule 1. Applicability

These Rules of Procedure shall apply to all committees and councils of the conference unless otherwise specified by the Secretariat or through committee–specific rules contained herein. The Executive Board shall have the authority to interpret these Rules and decide upon any procedural matter not expressly mentioned herein. Such decisions shall be final and binding.

Rule 2. Official Language

English shall be the official and working language of the conference. All speeches, committee documents, written submissions, and formal communication shall be conducted in English unless otherwise specified by the Secretariat or the Executive Board for a particular committee.

Rule 3. Representation

Each Member State, Observer, Institution, Political Party, Individual, or assigned portfolio shall be represented by one delegate unless otherwise notified by the Secretariat. Every delegation shall possess one vote except where committee–specific rules provide otherwise.

Rule 4. Conduct of Delegates

Delegates are expected to maintain the highest standards of diplomacy, professionalism, respect, and integrity throughout the conference. Disrespectful behaviour, personal attacks, discriminatory remarks, harassment, or any conduct that disrupts committee proceedings shall not be tolerated.

Rule 5. Dress Code

Delegates shall attend committee sessions in formal business attire or appropriate national, cultural, judicial, or committee–specific attire as approved by the Secretariat.

RULE 6.
ONLINE COMMITTEE ETIQUETTE

- Delegates shall join committee sessions using the prescribed display name format provided by the Secretariat.
- Cameras shall remain switched on throughout formal committee sessions unless permission has been granted by the Executive Board.
- The chat function shall be used only for official committee communication and shall not be used for lobbying unless permitted by the Executive Board.
- Microphones shall remain muted unless a delegate has been recognised to speak.
- Delegates experiencing technical difficulties shall immediately inform the Executive Board through the designated communication platform.

CHAPTER LI

CONDUCT OF DEBATE

Benoît Édouard Loviot in 1879

Rule 7. Executive Board

Each committee shall be presided over by an Executive Board consisting of a Chairperson and such officers as appointed by the Secretariat. The Executive Board shall moderate debate, recognise speakers, entertain points and motions, maintain decorum, announce voting procedures, regulate committee proceedings, and ensure the smooth functioning of the committee. The Executive Board may rule any Point or Motion out of order if it is deemed dilatory, repetitive, or inconsistent with these Rules of Procedure. The interpretation of these Rules by the Executive Board shall be final and binding.

Rule 8. Roll Call

Every committee session shall commence with Roll Call. Delegates shall respond either "Present" or "Present and Voting." Delegates responding "Present and Voting" shall not abstain during substantive voting.

Rule 9. General Speakers' List

The General Speakers' List shall serve as the default mode of formal debate unless suspended by an approved Motion. Delegates wishing to speak shall be recognised in the order determined by the Executive Board. Speaking time shall be determined by the Executive Board and may be altered through an appropriate Motion.

Rule 10. Formal Speech

Every Formal Speech shall, wherever applicable, follow the following structure:

- Respected Chair
- Name of Portfolio
- Attack Point I (Concise and Precise)
- Attack Point II (Concise and Precise)
- Attack Point III (Concise and Precise)
- Attack Point IV (Concise and Precise)
- Defence Point I (Concise and Precise)
- Defence Point II (Concise and Precise)
- Conclusion (10–20 words)

The Executive Board may permit reasonable deviation where the nature of the committee requires a different speaking format.

Rule 11. Question Hour

Immediately following every Formal Speech, the committee shall proceed to a Question Hour.

- A minimum of four (4) questions shall be entertained.
- The Executive Board may allow additional questions in the interest of debate.
- Questions shall be concise, relevant, and parliamentary in nature.
- The speaker shall answer each question directly.
- The Executive Board may disallow repetitive, offensive, or irrelevant questions.

Rule 12. Caucuses

Each committee ***day*** shall ordinarily permit:

- One (1) Moderated Caucus; and
- Three (3) Unmoderated Caucus.

The Executive Board may vary the duration or number of caucuses where exceptional circumstances justify such variation.

Rule 13. Artificial Intelligence

Artificial Intelligence may be utilised only as an aid for research, organisation, and preparation.

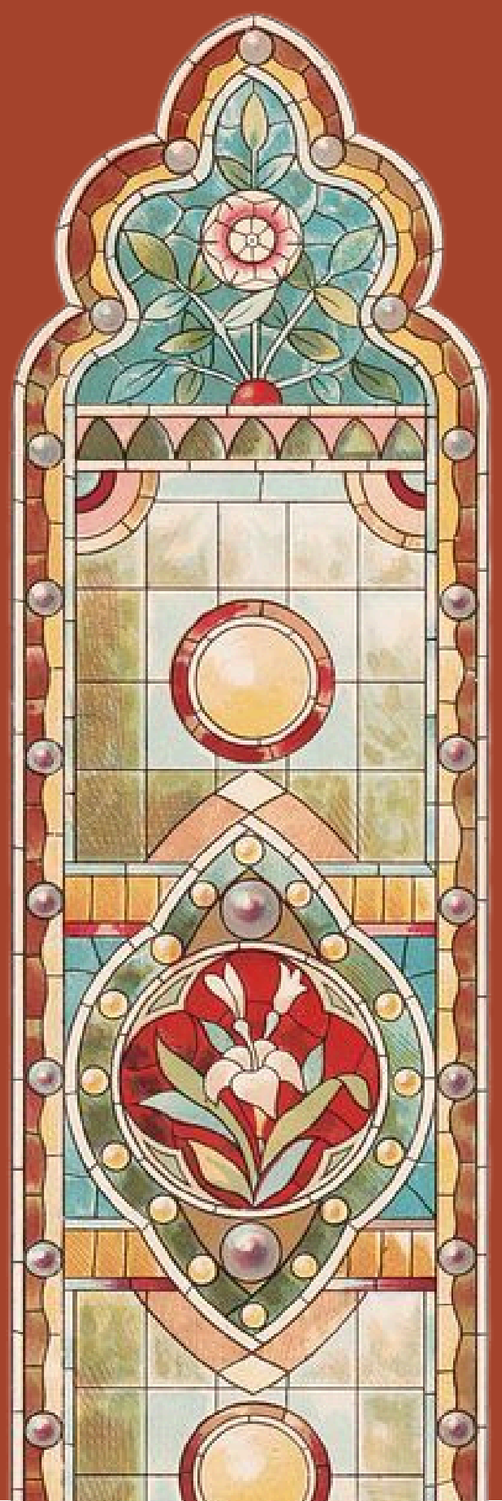
During speeches, debate, questioning, written submissions, and committee interaction, delegates shall ensure that at least seventy-five percent **(75%)** of the content represents their own original understanding and expression.

Where the Executive Board determines that excessive reliance has been placed upon AI-generated material, appropriate deductions may be imposed during evaluation.

Rule 14. Yielding

No system of yielding shall be recognised in any committee.

Upon the expiry of speaking time, the delegate shall immediately resume their seat unless otherwise directed by the Executive Board.



Rule 15. Decorum During Debate

Delegates shall:

- address remarks through the Executive Board;
- refrain from interrupting recognised speakers;
- avoid personal attacks upon other delegates;
- maintain parliamentary language at all times;
- respect the rulings of the Executive Board.

Failure to maintain decorum may result in warnings, deduction of marks, suspension of speaking rights, or removal from committee.

Rule 16. Research-Based Debate

Delegates are expected to support factual claims through credible evidence wherever reasonably possible.

Misrepresentation of facts, deliberate fabrication of evidence, or intentional dissemination of false information may be penalised by the Executive Board.

Rule 17. Speaking Rights

No delegate shall speak without first being recognised by the Executive Board, except when raising a Point permitted under these Rules.

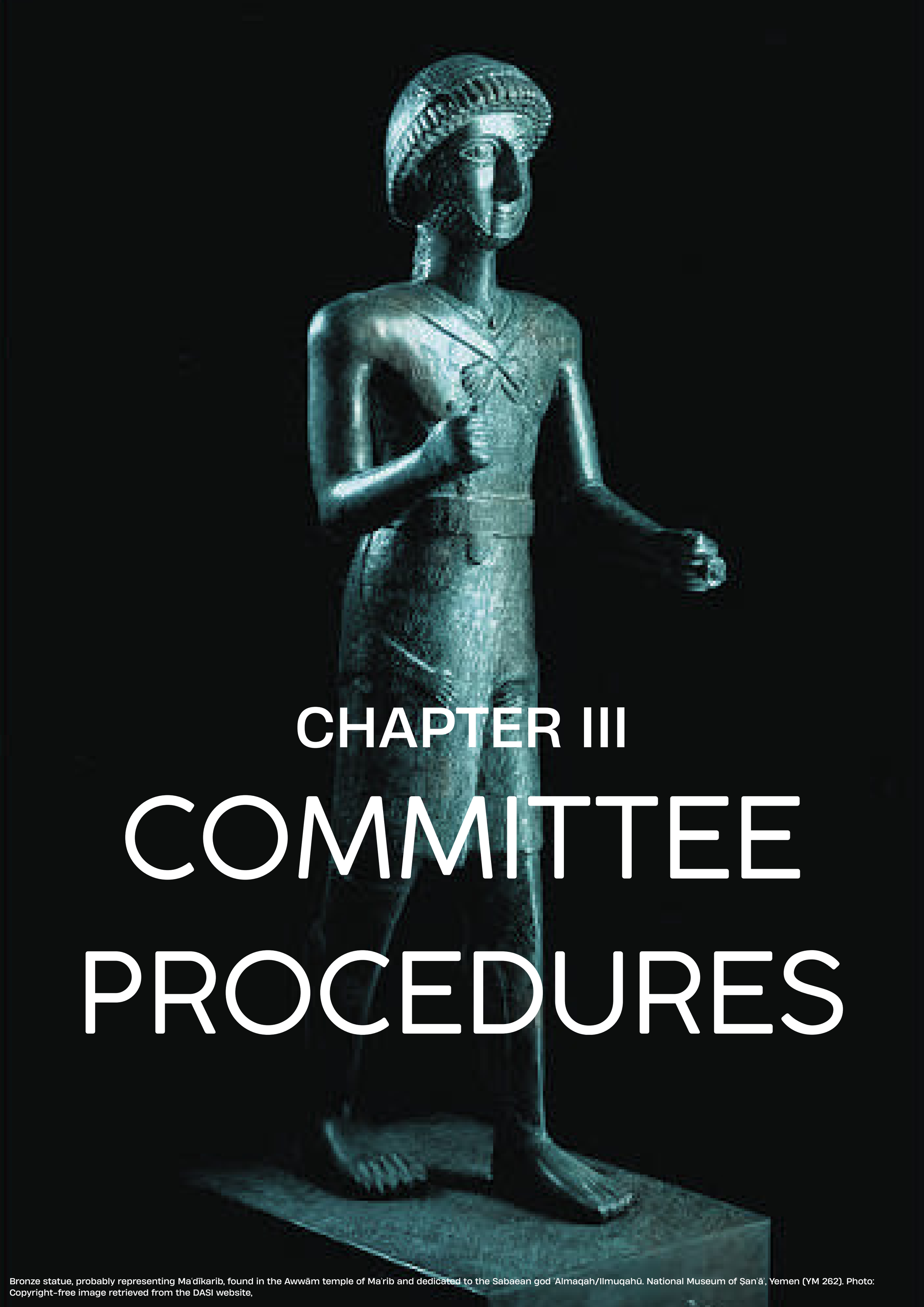
Rule 18. Relevance of Debate

All speeches, questions, allegations, and interventions shall remain relevant to the agenda under discussion. The Executive Board may interrupt or terminate any speech that is repetitive, dilatory, or manifestly irrelevant.

CHAPTER III

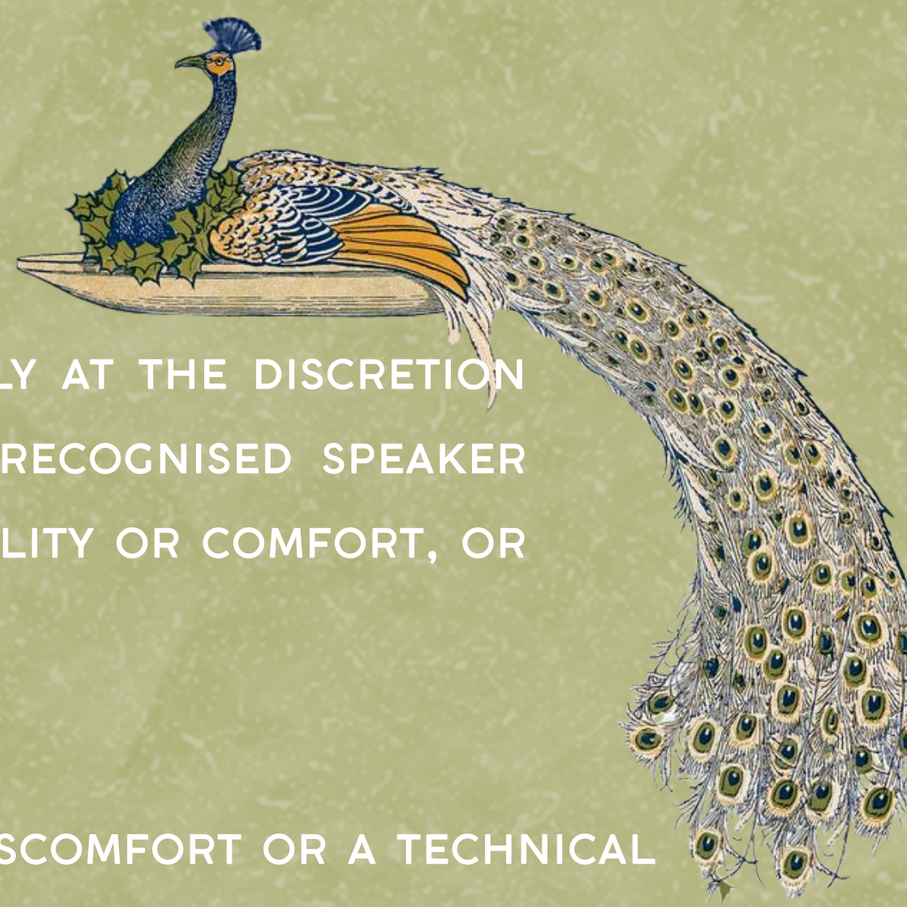
COMMITTEE

PROCEDURES



Bronze statue, probably representing Maʿdīkarib, found in the Awwām temple of Maʾrib and dedicated to the Sabaean god ʾAlmaqah/Ilmuqahū. National Museum of Ṣanʿāʾ, Yemen (YM 262). Photo: Copyright-free image retrieved from the DASI website,

Rule 19. Points



Points may be raised during committee proceedings only at the discretion of the Executive Board. No Point shall interrupt a recognised speaker except a Point of Personal Privilege concerning audibility or comfort, or a Point of Order relating to a procedural error.

a) Point of Personal Privilege
May be raised when a delegate experiences personal discomfort or a technical issue affecting their ability to participate.

b) Point of Order
May be raised when a delegate believes these Rules of Procedure are not being correctly followed.

c) Point of Parliamentary Inquiry
May be raised to seek clarification regarding the Rules of Procedure or committee procedure.

d) Point of Information
May be directed to a recognised speaker during Question Hour or whenever permitted by the Executive Board, for the purpose of seeking clarification on the speaker's statements.

e) Right to Reply
May be granted at the discretion of the Executive Board when a delegate believes that their portfolio, nation, organisation, or institution has been directly misrepresented or its integrity has been challenged.

f) Point of Clarification (New – I recommend adding this.)
May be raised to seek clarification regarding a document, evidence, motion, or statement without initiating debate.

General Provisions

1. No Point shall interrupt a recognised speaker except a Point of Personal Privilege concerning audibility or a Point of Order relating to procedure.
2. The Executive Board may rule any Point out of order if it is repetitive, irrelevant, dilatory, or disruptive.
3. The ruling of the Executive Board regarding any Point shall be final.

Rule 20. Committee Communications

Committee communications shall serve as a formal medium for diplomacy, clarification, collaboration, research, and parliamentary interaction. All written communications shall be routed through the Executive Board unless otherwise directed.

The Executive Board reserves the right to read, approve, reject, withhold, or return any communication that violates these Rules of Procedure or disrupts committee decorum.

Rule 21. Chit System

Except in Legal Committees, delegates may exchange written communications ("Chits") for the following purposes:

- Allegations
- Questions
- Queries
- Replies
- Feedback
- Research
- Requests for Clarification
- Diplomatic Communication

The Executive Board may reject any chit deemed irrelevant, offensive, repetitive, or inconsistent with committee decorum.

Rule 22. Format of a Chit

Every chit shall be prepared in the following format:

```
TO:
FROM:
VIA EXECUTIVE BOARD

Point 1
Point 2
Point 3
Point 4
Point 5
Point 6
Point 7
Point 8

Thank You.
```

Only the first four (4) points shall be considered for delegate evaluation.
A chit containing more than eight (8) numbered points shall not be accepted for evaluation.

Rule 23. Working Papers

Working Papers are informal documents prepared by delegates to present ideas, proposals, recommendations, or solutions relevant to the agenda.

A Working Paper shall require the approval of the Executive Board before being circulated within committee.

Rule 24. Amendments

Delegates may submit Friendly or Unfriendly Amendments before the commencement of substantive voting.

A Friendly Amendment shall require the unanimous consent of all Sponsors.

An Unfriendly Amendment shall be voted upon separately before voting upon the Draft Resolution.

Rule 25. Draft Resolution

A Working Paper may be introduced as a Draft Resolution upon fulfilling the minimum number of sponsors and signatories prescribed by the Executive Board.

Sponsors shall be regarded as the principal authors of the Draft Resolution.

Signatories merely indicate their willingness for the document to be discussed before committee and shall not necessarily imply support.

Rule 26. Evidence (upon orders by the executive board)

Any delegate may submit documentary evidence, statistical material, treaties, legislation, judicial precedents, government publications, academic literature, or other credible sources in support of a speech, allegation, or written submission.

The Executive Board may reject fabricated, unverifiable, or misleading evidence.

Rule 27. Plagiarism

No delegate shall claim another individual's research, speeches, written submissions, or committee documents as their own.

The use of Artificial Intelligence shall remain subject to Rule 13.

Plagiarism or academic dishonesty may result in deductions, rejection of documents, suspension from committee, or any other action deemed appropriate by the Executive Board.

Rule 28. Confidential Communications

The Executive Board may classify any written communication as confidential.

Delegates shall not disclose confidential committee communications without the prior permission of the Executive Board.

CHAPTER IV

LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEES

Rule 29. Scope

The provisions of this Chapter shall apply to all Legislative Committees of the Conference, including but not limited to Lok Sabha, Rajya Sabha, State Legislative Assemblies, Constituent Assemblies, Youth Parliaments, and other legislative bodies as notified by the Secretariat.

Rule 30. Objective

Legislative Committees shall simulate the functioning of democratic legislatures through policy debate, government accountability, legislative scrutiny, and parliamentary decision-making while maintaining the dignity and traditions of the House.

Rule 31. Structure of Formal Debate

Unless otherwise directed by the Executive Board, every Formal Speech shall ordinarily follow the structure below:

Name of Portfolio

- Attack Point I
- Attack Point II
- Attack Point III
- Attack Point IV
- Defence Point I
- Defence Point II

Conclusion (10–20 words)

The Executive Board may modify this structure whenever required by the nature of the agenda.

Rule 32. Question Hour

- Question Hour shall immediately follow every Formal Speech.
- At least four (4) questions shall be entertained from the committee.
- The Executive Board may permit additional questions where it considers such questioning beneficial to debate.
- Questions shall relate to the speech delivered or the agenda under discussion.

Rule 33. Ministerial Accountability

Every delegate shall remain accountable for the policies, actions, and statements of the portfolio represented.

Any delegate may question another delegate regarding official policy, governmental action, legislative proposals, or previous statements made during committee.

Delegates shall answer truthfully and consistently with their assigned portfolio.

Rule 34. Parliamentary Conduct

- Debate shall focus upon policies, legislation, governance, and public administration.
- Personal attacks against delegates shall remain prohibited.
- Strong criticism of governmental policies, legislation, political ideology, or administrative decisions shall be considered parliamentary where expressed respectfully.

Rule 35. Legislative Documents

Where required by the agenda, committees may draft and deliberate upon:

- Bills
- Amendments
- Motions
- Committee Recommendations
- Parliamentary Reports

The Executive Board shall determine the format and admissibility of such documents.

Rule 36. Passage of Legislative Business

Bills, Motions, Amendments, or Recommendations shall be considered adopted upon obtaining the majority prescribed by the Executive Board or these Rules of Procedure.

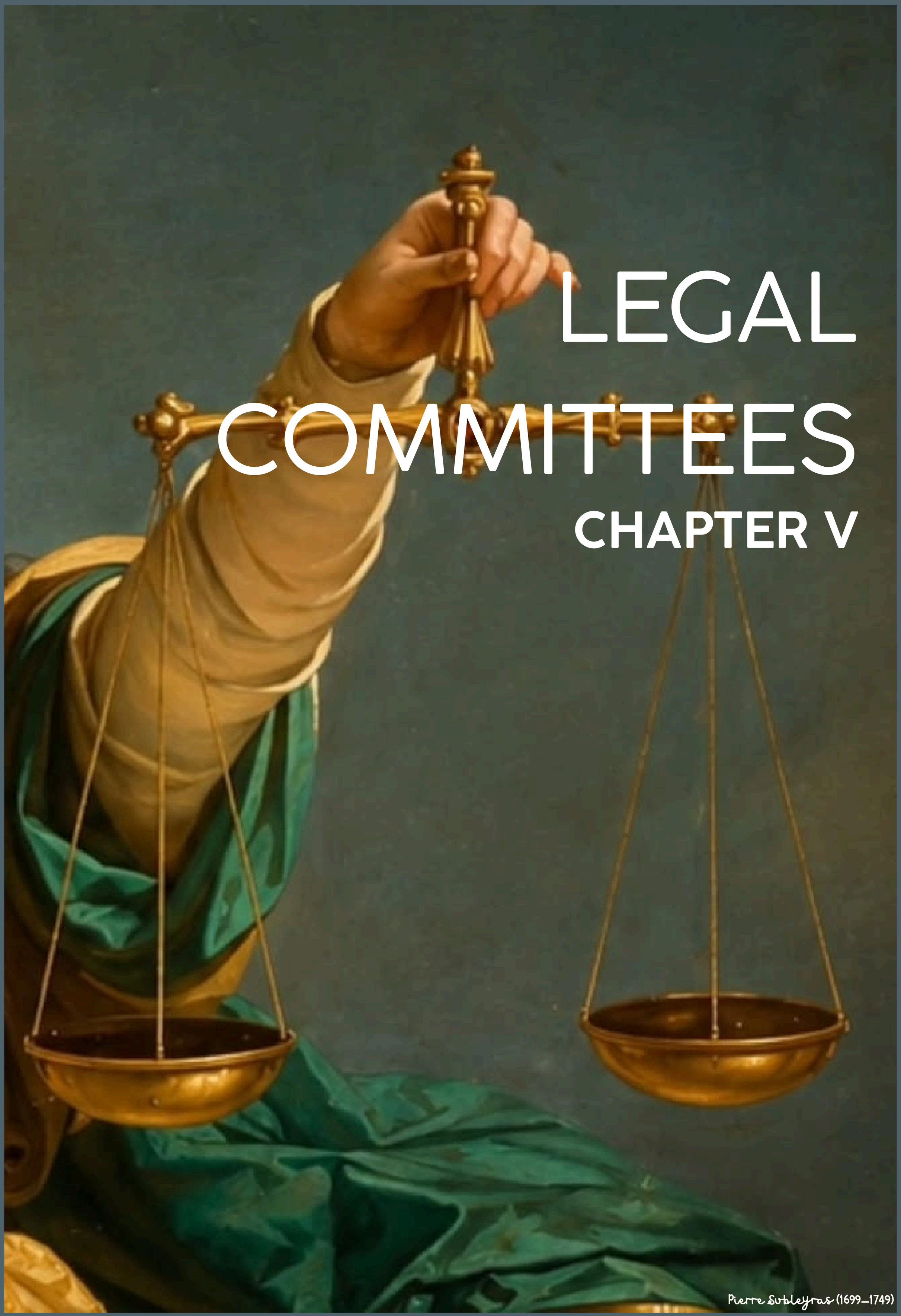
Rule 37. Special Powers of the Executive Board

For Legislative Committees, the Executive Board may:

- merge similar Bills or Motions;
- club related discussions;
- extend Question Hour;
- permit explanatory statements before voting;
- alter the order of business where necessary for efficient proceeding

LEGAL COMMITTEES

CHAPTER V



Pierre Subleyras (1699–1749)

Rule 38. Applicability

The provisions of this Chapter shall apply to all Judicial and Legal Committees of the Conference, including but not limited to the Supreme Court of India, the International Court of Justice, the International Criminal Court, Constitutional Benches, Moot Courts, Arbitration Panels, and any other committee designated by the Secretariat as a Legal Committee. In the event of any inconsistency between this Chapter and the General Rules of Procedure, the provisions contained herein shall prevail to the extent of such inconsistency.

Rule 39. Nature of Proceedings

Legal Committees shall function as judicial forums established for the fair, impartial, and reasoned adjudication of disputes. Proceedings shall be conducted in accordance with the principles of natural justice, judicial decorum, procedural fairness, and the applicable law governing the matter before the committee. Delegates shall present arguments based upon legal reasoning, statutory provisions, constitutional principles, judicial precedents, treaties, conventions, and credible evidence. The objective of every Legal Committee shall be to assist the Bench in arriving at a just, reasoned, and legally sustainable decision.

Rule 40. Authority of the Bench

The Bench shall exercise complete authority over the conduct of proceedings. It shall determine the order of hearings, recognise speakers, regulate the admissibility of evidence, permit or refuse cross-questioning, examine witnesses, maintain courtroom decorum, and issue procedural directions whenever necessary. Any procedural ruling made by the Bench shall be final and binding unless otherwise provided by the Secretariat.

Rule 41. Order of Proceedings

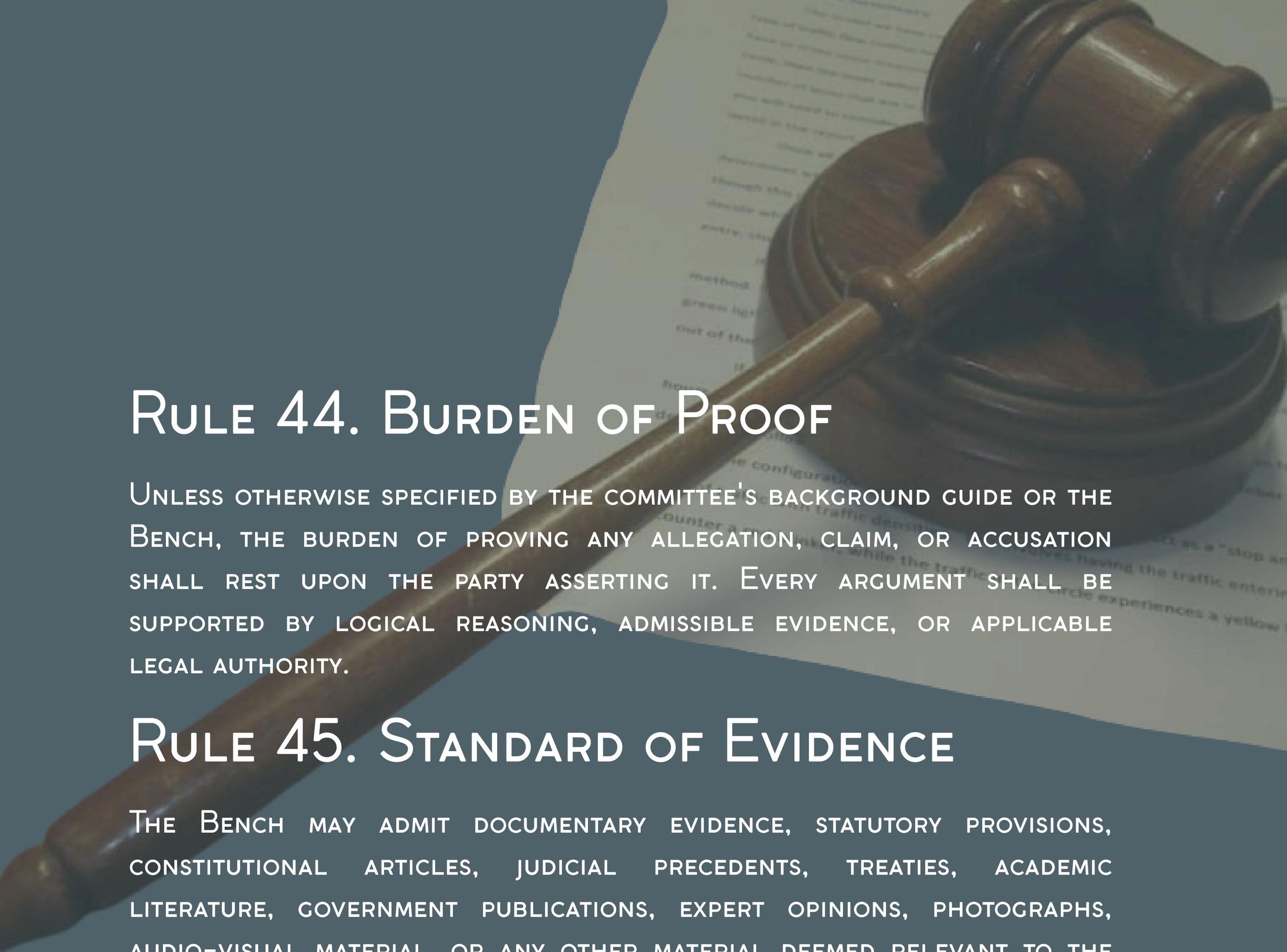
Unless otherwise directed by the Bench owing to the nature of the matter under consideration, proceedings shall ordinarily commence with Opening Statements, followed by the presentation of documentary evidence, oral arguments, witness examination, cross-questioning where permitted, the hearing of the Respondent or Accused where applicable, Closing Statements, judicial deliberation, and finally the pronouncement of judgment. The Bench may modify the order of proceedings whenever such modification is necessary to ensure fairness, efficiency, or the proper administration of justice.

Rule 42. Standard of Professional Conduct

Every Advocate, Counsel, Prosecutor, Respondent, Petitioner, or other participant appearing before the Bench shall conduct themselves with the highest standards of professionalism, honesty, and respect. No participant shall knowingly misrepresent facts, fabricate evidence, deliberately misquote legal authorities, intimidate witnesses, or attempt to mislead the Bench. Any such conduct may result in the rejection of submissions, deduction of marks, suspension from proceedings, or any other disciplinary action deemed appropriate by the Bench.

Rule 43. Equality of Representation

Every party appearing before the Bench shall be afforded a reasonable opportunity to present its case. The Bench shall ensure that neither party is denied a fair hearing and that proceedings remain impartial throughout.



Rule 44. Burden of Proof

Unless otherwise specified by the committee's background guide or the Bench, the burden of proving any allegation, claim, or accusation shall rest upon the party asserting it. Every argument shall be supported by logical reasoning, admissible evidence, or applicable legal authority.

Rule 45. Standard of Evidence

The Bench may admit documentary evidence, statutory provisions, constitutional articles, judicial precedents, treaties, academic literature, government publications, expert opinions, photographs, audio-visual material, or any other material deemed relevant to the proceedings. The Bench may reject any evidence considered unreliable, fabricated, irrelevant, or prejudicial.

Rule 46. Judicial Notice

The Bench may take judicial notice of facts that are generally known or are capable of accurate and unquestionable verification without requiring formal proof. Such facts may include constitutional provisions, enacted legislation, internationally recognised treaties, and publicly available official records.

Rule 47. Confidentiality

Where the nature of the proceedings so requires, the Bench may direct that any evidence, witness statement, or submission remain confidential. Delegates shall not disclose confidential material without the prior permission of the Bench.

Rule 48. Time Management

The Bench shall determine the duration of every stage of the proceedings, including Opening Statements, Oral Arguments, Witness Examination, Cross-Questioning, and Closing Statements. The Bench may extend or reduce the allotted time whenever it considers such action necessary for the efficient administration of justice.

Rule 49. Contempt of the Bench

Any participant who wilfully interrupts proceedings, refuses to comply with the lawful directions of the Bench, uses disrespectful language, attempts to influence witnesses improperly, or otherwise disrupts the administration of justice may be held in contempt of the committee. The Bench may issue warnings, deduct marks, suspend speaking rights, or impose any other procedural sanction considered appropriate.

Rule 50. Judicial Ethics

Every participant shall uphold the principles of honesty, impartiality, fairness, and respect for the rule of law. Advocates shall act in the best interests of their clients while maintaining their duty to assist the Bench in the administration of justice.

Rule 51. Discretionary Powers of the Bench

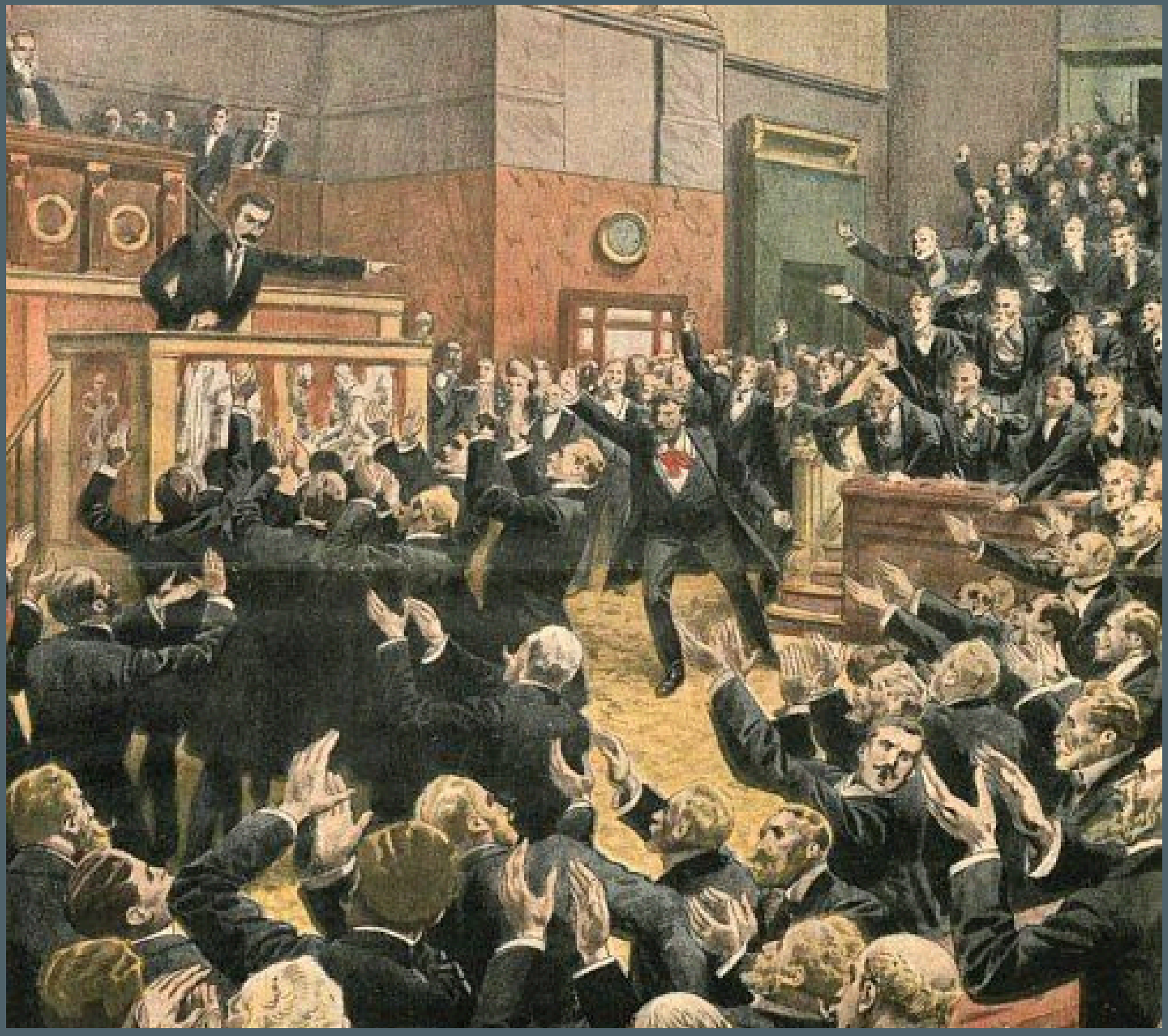
The Bench may issue procedural directions, regulate the order of hearings, permit additional evidence, recall witnesses, reopen arguments where justice so requires, or adopt any reasonable procedure not expressly provided for in these Rules, provided that such action is consistent with the principles of fairness and natural justice.

Rule 52. Pronouncement of Judgment

Upon the conclusion of the proceedings, the Bench shall deliberate and pronounce its judgment in the manner it considers appropriate. The judgment may include findings of fact, conclusions of law, directions, recommendations, or any other order necessary for the proper disposal of the matter. Unless otherwise provided by the Secretariat or the committee format, the decision of the Bench shall be final.

Rule 53. Amicus Curiae

Where the Bench considers it beneficial for the proper determination of the matter, it may invite an Amicus Curiae (Friend of the Court) to present an independent legal opinion on any issue arising during the proceedings. An Amicus Curiae shall remain neutral and shall assist the Bench solely in the interests of justice. Such participation shall not amount to representation of either party.



CHAPTER VI

HISTORICAL COMMITTEES

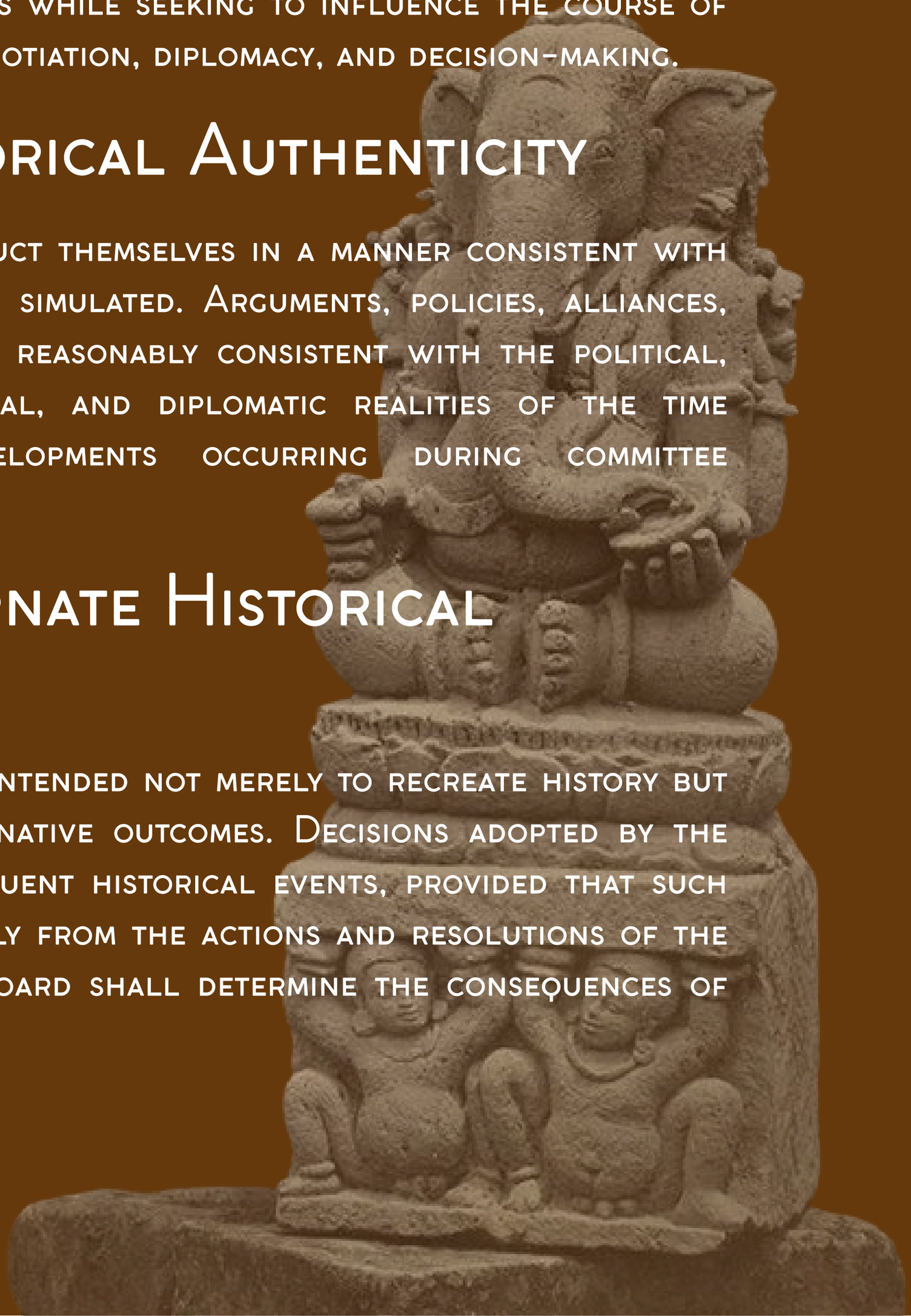
Rule 54. Applicability

The provisions of this Chapter shall apply to all Historical Committees of the Conference, including but not limited to the Partition Council of 1947, Cabinet Mission, Constituent Assembly, War Cabinets, Peace Conferences, Historical Crisis Committees, and any other committee designated by the Secretariat as a Historical Committee.

Rule 55. Nature of Proceedings

Historical Committees shall simulate documented historical events as they existed at the commencement of the committee. Delegates shall faithfully represent the positions, ideologies, powers, and limitations of their assigned portfolios while seeking to influence the course of history through debate, negotiation, diplomacy, and decision-making.

Rule 56. Historical Authenticity



Every delegate shall conduct themselves in a manner consistent with the historical period being simulated. Arguments, policies, alliances, and decisions shall remain reasonably consistent with the political, legal, social, technological, and diplomatic realities of the time unless altered by developments occurring during committee proceedings.

Rule 57. Alternate Historical Development

Historical Committees are intended not merely to recreate history but to explore plausible alternative outcomes. Decisions adopted by the committee may alter subsequent historical events, provided that such developments arise logically from the actions and resolutions of the delegates. The Executive Board shall determine the consequences of all committee decisions.

Rule 58. Authority of the Executive Board

The Executive Board shall possess complete authority to regulate the pace, chronology, and direction of historical proceedings. It may introduce historical developments, confidential information, emergency situations, diplomatic correspondence, intelligence reports, or other events necessary to ensure an engaging and historically coherent simulation.

Rule 59. Historical Documentation

The Executive Board may circulate historical documents, government communications, cabinet papers, maps, treaties, newspaper reports, telegrams, intelligence briefings, or any other material relevant to the proceedings. Delegates shall treat such documents as authentic for the purposes of committee unless otherwise specified.

Rule 60. Diplomatic Negotiations

The Executive Board may permit formal negotiations, private consultations, bilateral meetings, multilateral conferences, or cabinet discussions whenever necessary for the effective conduct of committee business. Any agreements reached shall remain subject to the approval procedures prescribed by the Executive Board.

Rule 61. Portfolio Responsibilities

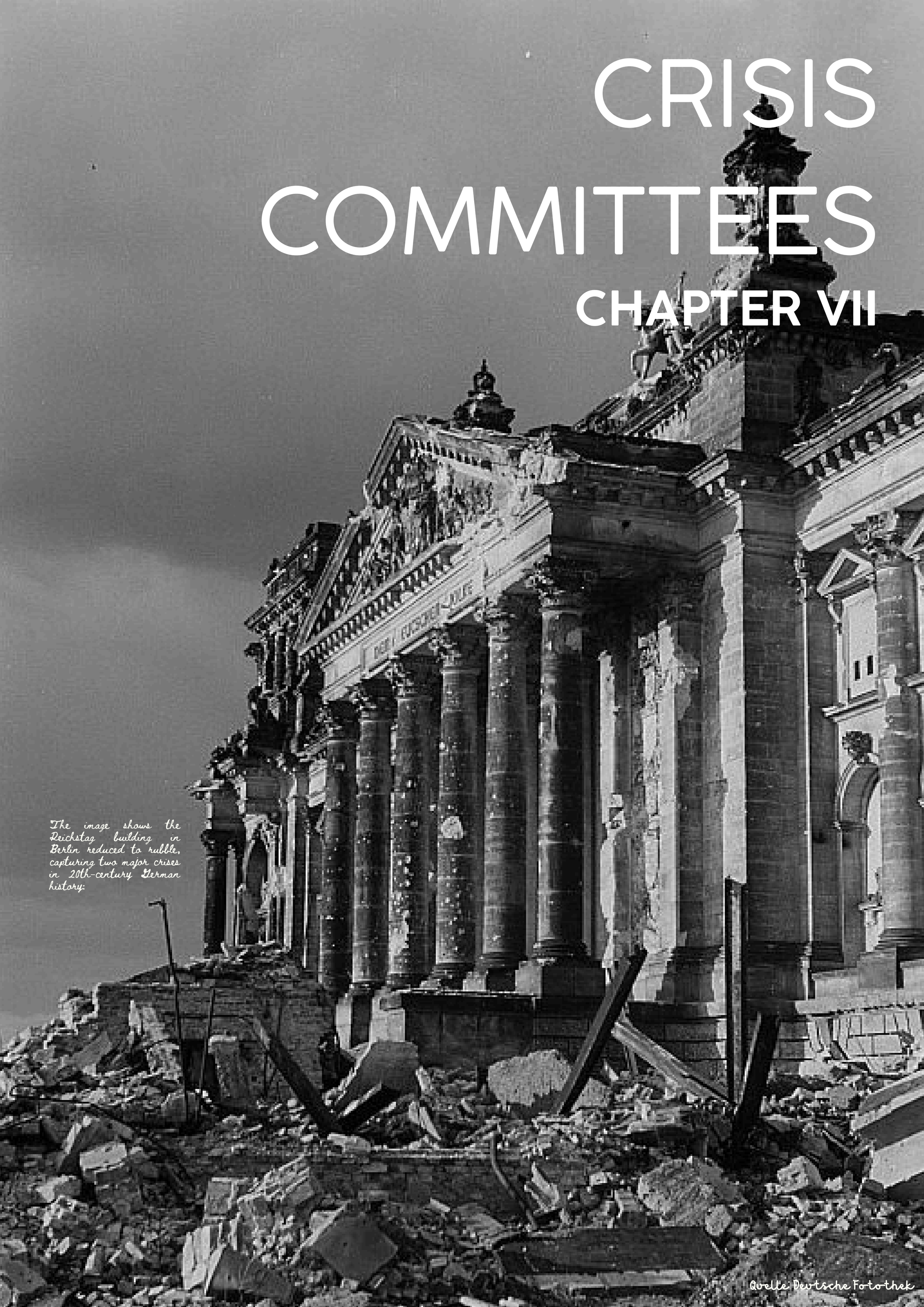
Delegates shall exercise only those powers that were lawfully or practically available to their assigned historical portfolio. No delegate shall assume powers or authority beyond those possessed by the office represented unless expressly authorised by developments within the committee.

Rule 62.
Committee Outcome

The outcome of a Historical Committee shall not be required to correspond with the actual historical result. The final decisions of the committee shall constitute the official outcome of the simulation and shall be recognised as the committee's alternate historical record.

CRISIS COMMITTEES

CHAPTER VII



The image shows the Reichstag building in Berlin reduced to rubble, capturing two major crises in 20th-century German history.

Quelle: Deutsche Fotothek

Rule 63. Applicability

The provisions of this Chapter shall apply to all Crisis Committees, including but not limited to Joint Crisis Committees (JCCs), Continuous Crisis Committees (CCCs), Ad Hoc Crisis Committees (ACCs), Cabinet Committees, War Cabinets, and any other committee designated by the Secretariat as a Crisis Committee.

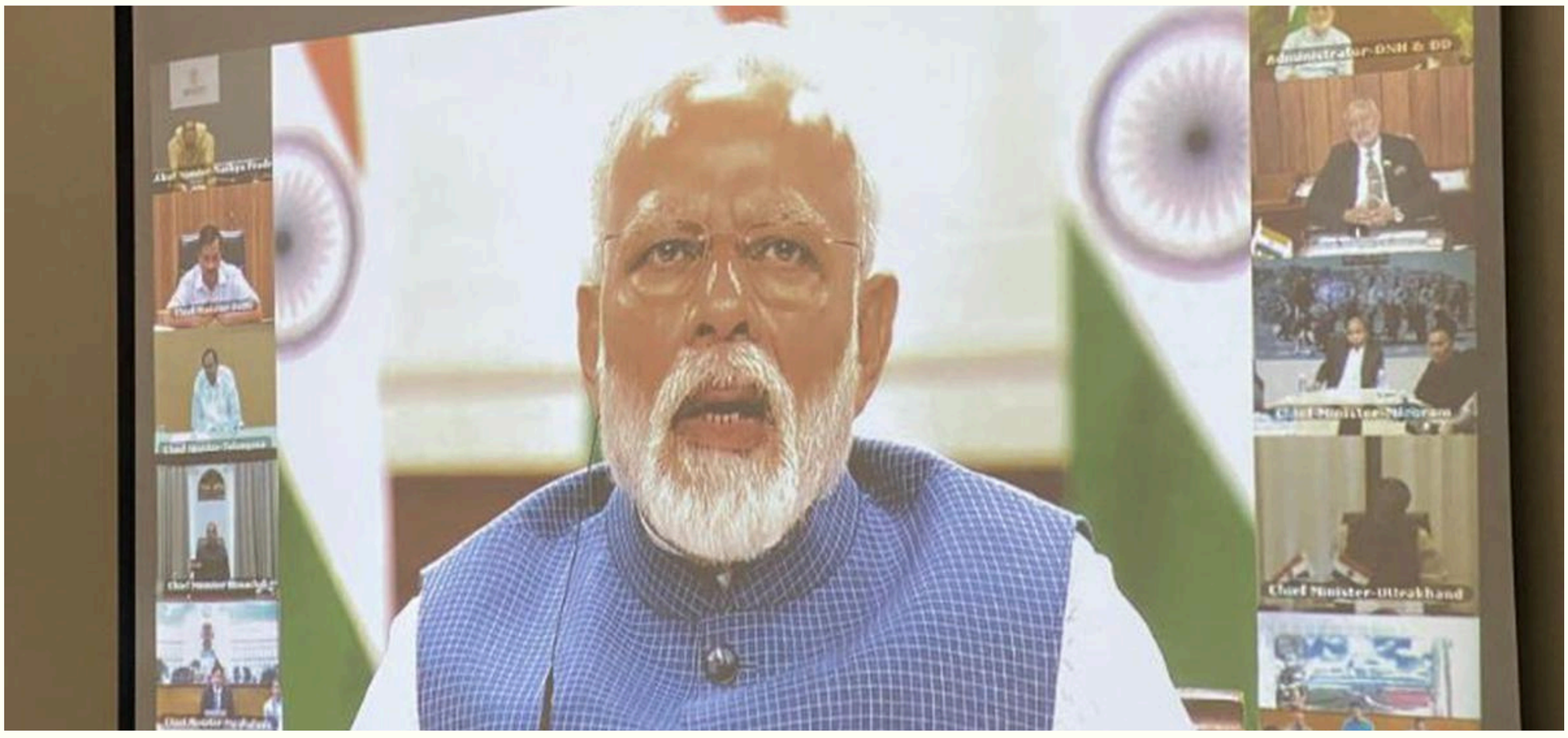
Rule 64. Nature of Proceedings

Crisis Committees shall operate through a dynamic and continuously evolving simulation. Unlike conventional committees, delegates shall respond to real-time developments introduced by the Crisis Staff or Executive Board. The objective shall be to resolve emerging situations through timely decision-making, diplomacy, negotiation, strategy, and leadership.

Rule 65. Crisis Updates

The Crisis Staff or Executive Board may introduce crisis updates, intelligence reports, diplomatic cables, press releases, emergency developments, confidential communications, military reports, economic developments, or any other relevant information at any stage of the proceedings.

All delegates shall immediately adapt their policies and actions in response to such developments.



Prime Minister Narendra Modi, Attending his online conference during the period of Covid-19 Lockdown.

Rule 66. Directives

Delegates may submit Individual or Joint Directives proposing actions to address the evolving crisis. Every Directive shall clearly state the objective, proposed action, resources required, anticipated outcome, and any collaborating delegates or entities.

The Crisis Staff shall determine whether a Directive succeeds, partially succeeds, or fails, having regard to realism, feasibility, available resources, and the evolving circumstances.

Rule 67. Confidential Communications

Delegates may exchange confidential communications through the Executive Board where permitted. Such communications may include diplomatic messages, intelligence .

requests, military instructions, negotiations, or strategic proposals.
The Executive Board may withhold, modify, or reject any confidential communication where necessary for the integrity of the simulation.

Rule 68. Character Actions

Where delegates represent individual characters rather than States or institutions, they may undertake actions within the authority of their assigned portfolio. No delegate shall exercise powers beyond those reasonably possessed by the character unless authorised by the Crisis Staff through developments within the simulation.

Rule 69. Time Progression

The Crisis Staff may accelerate, suspend, or otherwise alter the passage of simulated time whenever necessary for the effective conduct of the committee. Delegates shall be informed whenever a significant change in the timeline affects committee proceedings.

Rule 70. Creativity and Realism

Delegates are encouraged to propose innovative and strategic solutions. However, all actions, Directives, and proposals shall remain realistic, internally consistent, and proportionate to the resources and authority available to the delegate's assigned portfolio.

Rule 71. Confidentiality of Crisis Materials

All confidential updates, intelligence reports, Directives, and crisis-related communications shall remain the property of the committee and shall not be disclosed outside the committee unless expressly authorised by the Executive Board.

Rule 72. Conclusion of Proceedings

A Crisis Committee shall conclude upon the completion of its mandate or at the discretion of the Executive Board. The final outcome shall reflect the cumulative effect of the delegates' actions, decisions, negotiations, and Directives throughout the simulation.

Annexures

Annexure I – Chit Format

Every chit shall be prepared in the following format:

```
TO:
FROM:
VIA EXECUTIVE BOARD

Point 1
Point 2
Point 3
Point 4
Point 5
Point 6
Point 7
Point 8

Thank You.
```

Only the first four (4) points shall be considered for delegate evaluation. A chit containing more than eight (8) numbered points shall not be accepted for evaluation.

Annexure II – Standard Formal Speech Format

Every Formal Speech shall, wherever applicable, follow the following structure:

- Respected Chair ,
- Name of Portfolio,
- Attack Point I (Concise and Precise),
- Attack Point II (Concise and Precise),
- Attack Point III (Concise and Precise),
- Attack Point IV (Concise and Precise),
- Defence Point I (Concise and Precise),
- Defence Point II (Concise and Precise),
- Conclusion (10–20 words).

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The Executive Board may permit reasonable deviation where the nature of the committee requires a different speaking format.

Annexure III – Format of the Legal Committee

- Opening Statement,
- Debate and dialogue,
- Evidence sharing,
- Witness hearing,
- Culprit hearing,
- Closing statement.

Annexure IV – Opening Statement Format (Legal Committees)

- Name of the Lawyer,
- Name of the client delivered by lawyer,
- Problem faced by the client delivered by lawyer,
- 50 words brief of the problem, addressing What, Why and Who,
- Thank you.

Annexure V – Written Evidence Format

- Name of the Lawyer,
- Name of the client,
- 20 words Evidence 1 (include source),
- 20 words Evidence 2 (include source),
- 20 words Evidence 3 (include source),
- 20 words Evidence 4 (include source),
- 20 words Evidence 5 (include source),
- 20 words Evidence 6 (include source),
- 20 words Evidence 7 (include source),
- 20 words Evidence 8 (include source),
- Thank you.

Annexure VI – Working Paper Format

- Number/Year/Committee Name/NODMUN
- AUTHOR(s): [3 Min.]
- Co-Authors: [3 Min.]
- SUB-TOPIC: [here]
- Point 1
- Point 2
- Point 3
- Point 4

Annexure VII – Resolution & Bill Format

- Number/Year/Committee/NODMUN
- AUTHOR(s): [1 Min.]
- Co-Authors: [3 Min.]
- SIGNATORIES: [3 Min.]
- AGENDA: (here)
-
- Preambulatory Clause 1
- Preambulatory Clause 2
- Preambulatory Clause 3

- Operative Clause 1
- Operative Clause 2
- Operative Clause 3

Annexure VIII – Preambulatory & Operative Clauses

Preambulatory Clauses:

hese clauses are an introduction to the resolution or solution and often refer to past resolutions, citations of speeches made. A few of the introductory phrases are listed here:

Affirming, Alarmed by, Approving, Aware of, Bearing in mind, Believing, Confident, Contemplating, Convinced, Declaring, Deeply concerned, Deeply conscious, Deeply convinced, Deeply disturbed, Deeply regretting, Desiring Emphasizing, Expecting, Expressing its appreciation, Expressing its satisfaction, Fulfilling, Fully alarmed, Fully aware, Fully believing, Further deploring, Further recalling, Guided by, Having adopted, Having considered, Having considered further, Having devoted attention, Having examined, Having heard, Having received Having studied, Keeping in mind, Noting with regret, Noting with deep concern, Noting with satisfaction, Noting further, Noting with approval, Observing, Reaffirming, Realizing, Recalling, Recognizing, Referring, Seeking, Taking into account, Taking into consideration, Taking note, Viewing with appreciation, Welcoming

Operative Clauses:

Actionable clauses contain the actual solution to the agenda or crisis. A few of the actionable phrases are listed here:

Accepts, Affirms, Approves, Authorizes, Calls, Calls upon, Condemns, Confirms, Congratulates, Considers, Declares accordingly, Deplores, Designates, Draws the attention, Emphasizes, Encourages, Endorses, Expresses its appreciation, Expresses its hope, Further invites, Further proclaims, Further reminds, Further recommends, Further requests, Further resolves, Has resolved, Notes, Proclaims, Reaffirms, Recommends, Regrets, Reminds, Requests, Solemnly affirms, Strongly condemns, Supports, Takes note of, Transmits, Trusts

Closing Notice

The Secretariat extends its sincere appreciation to every delegate, Executive Board Member, advisor, organiser, volunteer, and contributor whose dedication has made the New Order Delegations Model United Nations possible.

These Rules of Procedure are intended to uphold the principles of diplomacy, integrity, professionalism, and constructive dialogue. Participants are encouraged to observe both the letter and the spirit of these Rules throughout the Conference.

The NODMUN Directorate reserves the right to amend, interpret, or supplement these Rules of Procedure whenever necessary for the efficient conduct of the Conference. Any such interpretation or amendment shall be final and binding.

Thank you for being a part of NODMUN. We wish you a rewarding conference experience and every success in your journey as a diplomat, legislator, advocate, and leader.